UNIZULU's ongoing dialogue on African thought results in robust discussion during HSS workshop

THE University of Zululand (UNIZULU) of workshops aimed at inculcating in its academic pool the institution's strategic

cifically targeted at academics in the our faculties and will be held monthly curriculum and practices. The strategic This suggests an ongoing focus on pronoting African knowledge systems.

The Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences (HSS) kick-started the coundtable discussions inspired intellec-

pho Seepe, a higher education and nard the university was working in upholding its commitment in this journey. He emphasised the importance of collaborations and the role of academics n realising these goals.

"What our engagement is all about taking the struggle to the next level. part of our curriculum. In a sense, that the University of Zululand to come up with a strategic plan to say that it is about time that we change gears; it



UNIZULU's Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences kick-started the African thought workshop series Picture: Samkele Sokhela

establish a truly African university.

"In saying that, we are making a Africa and universities that are African in orientation and in contact. This is where the idea of a cognitive empire comes in; that we may have people located in certain spaces, but cognitively or epistemically, they may be somewhere else. So, the journey tries by all means to make a distinction between social location, geographic location and epistemic location," Prof Seepe noted.

Professor Lulu Shokane, HSS Dean, emphasised that the workshop was necessary to provide strategic guidance on how to unpack the university's vision and added that the discussions would be cascaded at the faculty level.

Some of the key issues raised during the three days included the topics of colonial entanglements and "re-membering" elements of identity that were to also interrogate two phenomena:

dismembered through coloniality.

Professor George Moyo, Director of the Richards Bay Campus, highlighted that there were colonial entanglements the University found itself in. "When I say entanglement, it means all the areas and actions are influenced by things that are not even local. It's a question of interconnectedness. So, all these issues of colonialities are an example of inter-

He was particularly glad that, given its colonial entanglements, UNIZULU's Vision 2027 had begun the process of "unfreezing" among UNIZULU academics; thereby instituting change. To this end, he urged the academics to develop a decolonial consciousness and start reading with understanding on concepts currently being researched by scholars around the issue of colonialities, as this would enable change. He encouraged them

epistemologically insurgent curriculum and pluriverse curriculum.

like this, talking around issues, but unless we sit down and read and try to understand and implement and reconfigure our teaching, we are going nowhere. It's time to get our hands dirty. It's time for action," he said.

His hope was that in the next workshop, many academics would showcase what they would have done in terms of developing a pluriversal curriculum or an insurgent pedagogy. That, for him, was the way to move to develop the required world of consciousness.

Dr Smangele Cele, Head of the Department of Sociology, agreed with decoloniality scholar Prof Sabelo Ndlovu-Gatsheni's stance on colonisation having caused the dismemberment of Africans. This dismemberment was not only in the form of geography

to indigenous knowledge systems and historical records. According to her, the workshop presented an opportunity of re-membering what was dislocated by coloniality - and her suggestion for resolving this matter was collaborating through community engagement.

Prof Seepe said the struggle of today was one that required different approaches and skills. "For too long Africans have engaged in a scholarship where they seek to be accommodated and they are accommodated in spaces whose posture is inimical to their interest," he stressed. "This is why Malcolm X was saying that to sit in someone's bus - whether you sit at the back or in front or in the middle - does not dignify you until such a time when you have your own bus.'

This, according to the professor, was linked to Audre Lorde's statement that "the master's tools will never dismantle

UNIZULU in partnership with school principals to develop professional practice knowledge for teaching



Faculty of Education Dean, Professor Sithabile Ntombela, Picture: Xolani Ncube

PRECIOUS SHAMASE

IN a decisive step towards changing the educational landscape, the Faculty of Education at the University of Zululand (UNIZULU) hosted a principals workshop mutually beneficial collaborations with neighbouring schools.

The workshop was attended by principals from neighbouring schools as The targeted district was King Cetshwayo District Municipality. This forum aimed to bring together principals and educators to discuss and develop stronger partnerships that benefit both teacher preparation and student learning

Themed "Strengthening UNIZU-LU's Teaching Practice Partnership with Schools", the workshop was aimed at exploring what it takes to develop a "learning place" conducive to student teachers' development of professional practice knowledge and the role of men-

Ntombela, said that it was heart-warm duced by UNIZULU. A few issues outside the agenda were brought up which could not be tackled in the time available, and it was decided that an Indaba would be

"You contribute significantly to the success of the faculty. Without schools we would not have the Faculty of Education. By fostering a collaborative envi ronment, this forum can lead to a more effective partnership between the Faculty of Education and schools; ultimately benefiting both future teachers and student learning," explained Prof Ntombela.

The workshop served as a platform for sharing ideas and strategies to elevate the quality of education - ultimately enriching students' learning experiences Discussions revolved around creating adaptability, paving the way forward and networking opportunities. The Dean also highlighted the importance of partnership. She urged the teachers to facilitate learning and to make provision for teacher training, as learners need empowered teachers to become produc-

Presentations were given highlighting innovative teaching practices or success ful partnerships. Presentations also deal with equipping students to meet the needs of the global citizenry, the roles of higher education institutes and schools in guiding learners to choose correct careers By working together, the Faculty of Education and school principals can create a more robust and effective system for preparing and supporting teachers. This will ultimately lead to a better educational experience for all students.

chief education specialist, Bekabantu Senzo Dube, who made significant contributions to the discussions. He indicated that district stakeholder events such as this suggest that the university is a supportive institution. "Institutions like UNI-ZULU are excited and willing to partner When we open doors to our learners, we make profound advancements to young lives with a very positive ripple effect," affirmed Dube.

The meeting was also attended by

Remarkable story of Prof Neerish Revaprasadu – among world's top 2% researchers

THE University of Zululand (UNIZULU) boasts within its academic cohort Professor Neerish Revaprasadu, an acclaimed productive nanomaterials researcher and senior professor in the Department of Chemistry who is also among the world's top 2% researchers. The latter became apparent in 2022

following the release of Stanford University World's Top 2% Scientists list. Regarded the pinnacle for scientists globally, the Stanford University list considers the most prolific and cited scientists in 22 scientific fields and 176 subfields, ranking them according to their individual contribution in their fields. The criteria is largely based on bibliometric information found in the Scopus database, which contains data of more than 180 000 researchers out of over eight million considered to be active around the world. Information on citations, h-index, co-authorship adjusted hm-index, citations to papers in different authorship positions and a composite indicator (c-score) is provided on the Scopus database.

Learning of this notable achievement, Prof Revaprasadu said he felt triumphant and proud of himself, his team and university. "The appearance on the list validates our quest for quality and impact in our work. It shows international recognition. But what is most satisfying for me is that we have achieved this at a rural university with limited resources. It shows what can be achieved through determination and institutional support. My students can be counted as being of world standard," he proudly stated.

Prof Revaprasadu's involvement in the nanotechnology space spans over two decades. He began his research on



Professor Neerish Revaprasadu, Picture: Samkele Sokhela

nanomaterials in 2000 at UNIZULU, our citations exponentially in the past working on a wide range of materials from sulfides to selenides and tellurides, involving metals such as nickel, cobalt, iron and copper. He has since formed a research group consisting of young and vibrant chemists with whom he works on carbon-based composites, 2-D nanomaterials, ternary and doped materials. The group perfected a formula Prof Revaprasadu learned from his late mentor, Prof Paul O'Brien, and applied it to various materials, which has given it the edge in developing new materials.

Prof Revaprasadu believes that the high quality of materials his group has synthesised, coupled with the fact that they were among the trailblazers in the nanotechnology field, contributed to his recognition. "The advent of green energy, in particular water splitting applications using functional materials, helped our work gain visibility within the materials community. The high quality of materials synthesised has allowed us to publish the work in high impact journals. This has then increased

few years," he said. The citations are bound to multiply as Prof Revaprasadu intends continuing producing high-quality work with his research group.

EDUCATION AND EARLY CAREER

Prof Revaprasadu holds a BSc (Hons) in Chemistry from the University of Natal (now University of KwaZulu-Natal) and a PhD from Imperial College in London. He was the first South African to obtain a PhD in nanomaterials chemistry owing to three years spent in Prof O'Brien's research group in London.

"Through close mentorship I was able to achieve some good results in my first year. I published my first paper at the end of my first year. I went on to publish 15 papers in my PhD – a record in the group," he recalled.

Upon obtaining his PhD, Prof Revaprasadu returned to UNIZULU where he swiftly moved up the ranks from senior laboratory assistant to lecturer then senior lecturer in 2000. He was therein 2004. Professor in 2008 and Senior doctoral research fellow at UNIZULU Professor in 2020.

Noticing a gap in the nanotechnology space in the country, he started his own research group with only one student. Through funding from the National Research Foundation (NRF), his research group increased. Some of his protégées are now senior researchers and professors.

His most successful graduates include Prof Nosipho Moloto, new director of the African Research Universities Alliance (ARUA) Centre of Excellence for Materials, Energy and Nanotechnology (ARUA CoE MEN) at the University of Witwatersrand. Others include Dr Sixberth Mlowe, a Tanzanian national who is now Director of Postgraduate studies at University of Dar Es Salaam; and Prof Samuel Oluwatobi Oluwafemi, an NRF-rated full Professor in the Department of Chemical Sciences within the Faculty of Science at the University of Johannesburg. He leads the Nanotechnology for Biological, Energy, and Water (CHEM-NA-NOBEW) Laboratory Research group, which currently comprises 10 researchers, three postdoctoral research fellows, and 20 postgraduate students at honours, Master's and doctoral levels. He recently received the Vice-Chancellor's Distinguished Award for Outstanding Researcher of the Year. Dr Muntuwenkosi Chili was appointed as the new Executive Director for the Centre for Academic Development at the Vaal University of Technology. Dr Advocate Sibusiso Mlondo is an advocate of the High Court of South Africa. Dr Phumlani Mdluli is Head of Advanced Materials Division at Mintek. Dr Ndabenhle Sosibo is research and development manager at AECI Mining Chemicals. Dr Dilshad Malik Khan is an emerging

after promoted to Associate Professor NRF Y-2 rated researcher who is a post-Dr Sipha Masikane is a HRTEM technologist at UNIZULU. There are a host of students from the continent who are now junior academics.

In 2007, he applied for a South African Research Chairs Initiative (SARChI) Chair and was awarded. The Chair is among the top performing in the country, having published over 200 papers and more than 20 book chapters. Prof Revaprasadu has also been a member of the South African Academy of Science since 2014 and has been associate editor of the Royal Society of Chemistry Special Periodic Review series since 2016. He has collaborations with numerous international scholars as well. Prof Revaprasadu is now an NRF B2-rated researcher – the first UNIZULU academic and the first chemist in Kwa-

Zulu-Natal to reach this status. Among the researcher's multiple accolades are three awards he received during the 2023 Vice-Chancellor's Academic Awards. He was awarded the Excellence in Research award. He also received an award in the Innovation and Creative category wherein intellectual property creators who submitted the most actionable disclosure leading to a patent, trademark or readers' right were acknowledged. His final award was in the Recognition category which was handed over to individuals who either obtained external grants of R800 000 or more or were recognised externally by an entity for excellence in research, innovation or creative work.

"I am ever grateful for the support of the university that allows me to carry out work that I enjoy. We work in a very research-conducive environment. The management should also take credit for my success," the professor said.

A NODE FOR AFRICAN THOUGHT







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